T.C.

Munzur University

Graduate School of Postgraduate Education

Department of History – Thesis Master's Degree Course Descriptions

	Course						
Code	Name	T	A	L	C	ECTS	Compulsory(C)/Elective(E)
TRH5001	Specialization Course	6	0	0	0	10	С
TRH5002	Master's Seminar	0	2	0	0	5	С
TRH5003	Master's Thesis	0	1	0	0	20	С
TRH5004	Scientific Research Methods and Publication Ethics I	3	0	0	3	5	С
DİJ111	Digital Literacy	2	0	0	2	3	С
GON111	Volunteering Activities	1	2	0	2	4	Е
TRH5005	Sources of Ancient History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5006	History of Ancient Civilization I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5007	Ancient Anatolian Civilization	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5008	Anatolia in the 2nd Millennium BCE	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5009	Urartu-Assyrian Political Relations	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5010	Sources of Medieval History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5011	History of the Umayyads and Abbasids I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5012	Islamic Cities I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5013	Byzantine-Arab Relations I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5014	History of Islamic Institutions I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5015	Islamic Intellectual Movements I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5016	History of Science in the Middle Ages I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5017	Religion-State Relations in History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5018	History of the Crusades I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5019	Sources of Early Modern History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5020	Early Modern Ottoman Diplomatics I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5021	Classical Ottoman Military Organization I	3	0	0	3	6	Е

TRH5022	Classical Ottoman Central and Provincial Administration I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5023	Ottoman Modernization I (1718–1839)	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5024	Ottoman Urban Economy I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5025	Early Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5026	Early Modern European History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5027	Alevism and Bektashism in the Ottoman Empire	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5028	Bektashism in the Balkans	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5029	Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5030	Modern European Political History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5031	History of Ottoman Institutions in the Modern Period I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5032	Sources of Modern History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5033	Philosophy of History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5034	Ottoman Reform Movements I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5035	Ottoman Central-Provincial Administrative System in the Modern Period (1839–1914)	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5036	Modern Middle Eastern Political History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5037	Modern Asian Political History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5038	Modern Ottoman Diplomatics I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5039	Social and Economic History of the Republic I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5040	Turkish Foreign Policy I (From the Second Constitutional Era to 1950)	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5041	Sources of Republican History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5042	20th Century European Political History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5043	History of the Turkish National Struggle I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5044	Press during the National Struggle Period	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5045	Internal Conflicts during the Republic Period I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5046	Congresses during the National Struggle Period	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5047	Sources of General Turkish History I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5048	Central Asian Turkish History I	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5049	History of the Anatolian Seljuks and Beyliks I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5050	Cultural History of Pre-Islamic Central Asian Turks I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
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TRH5051	History of the Seljuk State Organization I	3	0	0	3	6	E

TRH5053	History of Alevism and Bektashism I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5054	Sources of Ancient History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5055	History of Ancient Civilizations II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5056	History of Anatolia in the Hellenistic Period	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5057	Anatolia in the 1st Millennium BCE	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5058	Urartu-Assyria: Cultural Relations	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5059	Sources of Medieval History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5060	History of the Umayyads and Abbasids II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5061	Islamic Cities II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5062	Byzantine-Arab Relations II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5063	History of Islamic Institutions II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5064	Islamic Intellectual Movements II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5065	History of Science in the Middle Ages II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5066	Church-State Relations in History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5067	History of the Crusades II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5068	Sources of Early Modern History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5069	Early Modern Ottoman Diplomacy II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5070	Ottoman Military Organization in the Classical Period II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5071	Ottoman Central and Provincial Organization in the Classical Period II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5072	Ottoman Modernization II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5073	Ottoman Urban Economy II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5074	Early Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5075	Early Modern European History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5076	Aleviism and Bektashism in Archive Documents	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5077	Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5078	Modern European Political History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5079	Modern Ottoman Institutions History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5080	Sources of Modern History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е

TRH5081	Philosophy of History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5082	Ottoman Reform Movements II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5083	Political History of the Tanzimat and Constitutional Eras	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5084	Modern Middle Eastern Political History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5085	Modern Asian Political History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5086	Modern Ottoman Diplomacy II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5087	Social and Economic History of the Republic Period II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5088	Turkish Foreign Policy II (1950 to Present)	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5089	Sources of the Republic History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5090	20th Century European Political History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5091	History of the Turkish National Struggle II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5092	Republican Period Press	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5093	Internal Conflicts in the Republican Period II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5094	Financial Resources of the National Struggle	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5095	Sources of General Turkish History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5096	History of Central Asian Turks II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5097	History of the Seljuks of Turkey and the Beyliks Period II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5098	Pre-Islamic Central Asian Turkish Cultural History II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5099	History of the Organization of the Seljuk State II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5100	Religious Life in the Seljuk State of Anatolia	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5101	Religious Life in the Ottoman State	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5102	History of Aleviism and Bektashism I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5103	History of Aleviism and Bektashism II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5104	History of Political Thought	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5105	Ottoman Modernization (1718-1839) I	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5106	Ottoman Modernization (1839-1909) II	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5109	20th Century European Political History II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5110	Turkish Foreign Policy (From the Second Constitutional Era to 1950) II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5111	History of the Republic of Turkey I	3	0	0	3	6	E

TRH5112	History of the Republic of Turkey II	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5113	Nationalism Movements and Independence Movements in the Ottoman Empire	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5114	History of Colonialism	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5115	Ottoman Law After the Tanzimat	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5116	Ottoman Tax System After the Tanzimat	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5117	Modern Balkans and the Ottoman Empire	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5118	Modern Ottoman Financial Structure	3	0	0	3	6	Е
TRH5119	Ottoman-Russian Relations in Modern Times	3	0	0	3	6	E
TRH5120	Modern Ottoman Archive Studies and Texts	3	0	0	3	6	E

TRH5001 Specialization Course

Determining a research topic that is academically consistent and worth examining, adopting a critical approach to the research topic, identifying relevant literature, preparing a thesis proposal, creating a thesis content outline, preparing a timeline, developing data collection tools suitable for the problem, collecting and analyzing data, interpreting findings, drawing conclusions from research findings, making recommendations based on research results, reporting research findings, ensuring the research complies with scientific principles, and continuing the writing process of the thesis.

TRH5002 Master's Seminar

Topic selection for the seminar, choosing a specific subject to study, conducting a literature review, listing the reviewed literature, determining the method related to the topic, making preliminary preparations according to the selected method, implementing the study, conducting the seminar, and presenting the seminar work.

TRH5003 Master's Thesis

Master's thesis work.

TRH5004 Scientific Research Methods and Publication Ethics

The aim of this course is to provide students with basic knowledge about the principles, methods, processes, and techniques of scientific research in the field of Social Sciences, from Ancient Times to the Modern Era. The course aims to develop students' ability to independently guide the process of acquiring scientific knowledge, plan research with scientific value on any subject, obtain sufficient data, and develop analytical evaluation skills.

DİJ111 Digital Literacy

Digital literacy is the ability of an individual to use information technologies according to their needs. This skill directly contributes to achieving meaningful learning outcomes.

GON111 Volunteering Activities

The aim of the course is to strengthen the ties between the university and the society by using the knowledge, skills and accumulations that students have acquired throughout their educational life within the framework of the concept of volunteering; to ensure that they gain sensitivity about various issues and problems such as humanitarian, social, economic, etc. problems, migration and disasters in society, disabilities, disadvantaged groups; to ensure the development of humanitarian, social, cultural, moral values and skills through various volunteering activities that they will participate in and design themselves.

TRH5005 Sources of Ancient History I

This course explains when Ancient History began to be studied as a separate scientific discipline and which auxiliary disciplines support it, along with the characteristics of these disciplines. Additionally, it discusses the formation and differentiation of the concepts of Ancient West and Ancient East based on specific elements.

TRH5006 History of Ancient Civilization I

Covers the culture and civilization of the Hittites, Urartians, Phrygians, Lydians, and Late Hittite Kingdoms established in Anatolia during the Ancient Ages. It also examines the state structure, economic system, social structure, religion, culture, art, and literature of Mesopotamian civilizations such as the Assyrians, Babylonians, Akkadians, and Sumerians.

TRH5007 Ancient Anatolian Civilization

Focuses on the Prehistoric Age, Hittites, Urartians, Phrygians, Lydians, and the Greek city-states in Western Anatolia, as well as the state structure, economic system, social organization, religion, culture, art, and literature during the Hellenistic period.

TRH5008 Anatolia in the 2nd Millennium BCE

Explores the following periods:

- Assyrian Trade Colony Period: Introduction of writing to Anatolia.
- Old Hittite Kingdom: Political developments and cultural structure.
- Hittite Empire Period: The first centralized state in Anatolia.

- The collapse of the Hittite Empire, the Dark Age, and the Iron Age in Anatolia.
- Late Hittite Kingdoms, Urartians, Phrygians, and Lydians.
- The decline and fall of Anatolian states in the 1st millennium BCE.

TRH5009 Urartu-Assyrian Political Relations

Covers:

- The Beylik (Principalities) Period of Urartu, the establishment of the Urartian Kingdom, and the Middle Assyrian Kingdom.
- Relations between the Neo-Assyrian Empire and Urartu.
- The Classical Age of Urartu and its expansion.
- Urartu-Assyrian representational art and architectural interactions.

TRH5010 Sources of Medieval History I

Provides graduate-level knowledge and skills in recognizing and utilizing the primary sources of Medieval History for research purposes.

TRH5011 History of the Umayyads and Abbasids I

Examines the political history and state structure of the Umayyad and Abbasid dynasties.

TRH5012 Islamic Cities I

Explores the general physical characteristics, city planning, physical structures, and recreational and entertainment venues of major cities in pre-Islamic Mesopotamia, Iran, Central Asia, Ancient Greece, Rome, Egypt, and the Middle East.

TRH5013 Byzantine-Arab Relations I

Covers the pre-Islamic Byzantine-Arab relations, commercial ties between the Arabian Peninsula and Byzantium, the early Islamic conquests, and wars with Byzantium. It also examines the process of Arabization and Islamization following the conquest of Syria, Egypt, and North Africa, which were previously under Byzantine rule.

TRH5014 History of Islamic Institutions I

Explores social life in the Arabian Peninsula before Islam, the emergence of Islam, and the beginning of institutionalization. It covers the institutions during the time of Prophet Muhammad, the early Islamic conquests, and the emergence of new institutions, as well as the influence of Byzantine and Sassanid institutions on the institutionalization of Islamic states.

TRH5015 Islamic Intellectual Movements I

Examines the philosophies of Ancient Greece, and the intellectual traditions of ancient Iran, India, China, Mesopotamia, Egypt, and the Arabian Peninsula. The course discusses the introduction of these intellectual traditions into the Islamic world and the emergence of the first political, legal, and religious sects in Islam.

TRH5016 History of Science in the Middle Ages I

Focuses on science and philosophy in the early Middle Ages, the international transmission of scientific knowledge, and developments in fields such as medicine, engineering, pharmacy, botany, geography, astrology, astronomy, mathematics, chemistry, technology, and cosmology during the Middle Ages.

TRH5017 Religion-State Relations in History I

Explores the relationship between religion and social life, the role and significance of religion in society from ancient times, the influence of religion on state governance, and the role of religion in the formation of institutions. The course also addresses the concept of the god-king and the respect gained by rulers from the people based on this concept.

TRH5018 History of the Crusades I

Provides fundamental knowledge about the history of the Crusades, their aims and objectives, their connection with Turkish history, and their impact on East-West relations. The course focuses on evaluating the Crusades from the perspectives of Anatolian Turkish History and Near Eastern History to develop a comprehensive understanding of the period.

TRH5019 Sources of Early Modern History I

Covers the classification of sources related to Early Modern History, introduces various archives and the sources found within them. It focuses on key archival documents such as:

• Tahrir Registers (Land Surveys)

- Mühimme Registers (Imperial Council Decisions)
- Sancak-Tevcih Registers (Appointments and Sanjak Records)
- Vakfiyes (Endowment Deeds)
- Şer'iyye Records (Court Records)
- Ruznamçe Registers (Daily Logs)
- Ruus Registers (Appointment Registers)
- Fortress Registers
- Janissary Registers
- Firmans (Imperial Decrees)
- Berats (Official Appointments and Decrees).

TRH5020 Early Modern Ottoman Diplomatics I

Reading and evaluation of detailed (mufassal) and summary (icmal) Tahrir Registers (Land Surveys) from the Ottoman archives, as well as the Ruznamçe Registers (Daily Logs).

TRH5021 Classical Ottoman Military Organization I

Explores the characteristics of the Ottoman military organization, focusing on the central military system, including the Kapıkulu Military Corps:

- Janissaries (Yeniçeri)
- Cavalry (Sipahi)
- Armourers (Cebeci)
- Sappers (Lağımcı)
- Artillery (Topçu)
- Artillery Cart Drivers (Top Arabacıları)
- Royal Guards (Solaklar)
- Samsunlu Soldiers (Samsoncu)
- Falconers (Turnacılar).

TRH5022 Classical Ottoman Central and Provincial Administration

Covers the structure and organization of the Ottoman central and provincial administration, including:

- The Palace (Saray)
- Imperial Council (Divan-1 Hümayun)
- The Sultan and Princes (Şehzadeler)

- Grand Vizier and Viziers
- Provincial Administrative Divisions
- Eyalets (Provinces), Sanjaks, Kazas, and Nahiyes
- Provincial Councils (Eyalet Divanı)
- Defterdar (Treasurer)
- Defter Kethüdası (Deputy Treasurer)
- Timar Defterdarı (Timar Treasurer)
- Fortress Organization.

TRH5023 Ottoman Modernization I (1718–1839)

Evaluates the reforms, changes, and transformations that occurred between the Tulip Era (Lale Devri) and the Tanzimat Period from a modernization perspective. It also analyzes socioeconomic and socio-political developments and the relationship between the central and peripheral regions, focusing on the social transformation of the Ottoman Empire during this period.

TRH5024 Ottoman Urban Economy I

Examines the basic elements of the Ottoman urban economy, including:

- Mukataa (Tax Farms)
- Ihtisab (Market Regulation) and the Muhtesip (Market Inspector)
- Narh (Price Regulation)
- Prices of Goods and Commodities
- Ports and Customs
- Mints (Darphaneler).

TRH5025 Early Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History I

Focuses on the factors influencing international relations and the Ottoman Empire's interactions with neighboring states during its formation:

- Relations with Anatolian Beyliks
- Ottoman-Byzantine, Ottoman-Crimean, and Ottoman-Wallachian relations
- The Ottoman's conquest of Rumelia, settlements, and efforts to unify Anatolia
- Ottoman-Akkoyunlu relations
- Ottoman policies in the Balkans, and relations with Venice and Hungary.

TRH5026 Early Modern European History I

Discusses the physical and geographical characteristics of Europe and provides an overview of Europe in the Early Modern Period, focusing on states, governance, religion, and social structure.

TRH5027 Alevism and Bektashism in the Ottoman Empire

Explores the status of Alevi and Bektashi communities within the Ottoman Empire and examines the state's relations with these groups.

TRH5028 Bektashism in the Balkans

Provides information about the development of Bektashism in the Balkans, starting with the activities of Sarı Saltuk in the 13th century, and examines its status during the Ottoman period and today.

TRH5029 Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History I

Analyzes the Ottoman Empire's political relations with distant and neighboring states during the modern period, focusing on its policies, objectives, alliances, and diplomatic tools.

TRH5030 Modern European Political History I

Covers European history from the Early Modern Period, focusing on:

- Humanism, Renaissance, and Reformation
- Early colonial movements
- The transition to the 18th century
- The founding of the United States
- The French Revolution and the Industrial Revolution, along with their consequences.

TRH5031 History of Ottoman Institutions in the Modern Period I

Explores changes in the central administration, viziers, ministers, administrative and financial institutions, and foundations during the modern period.

TRH5032 Sources of Modern History I

Examines primary sources for modern history, including:

- Chroniclers (Vakanüvis)
- Private histories

- Travelogues
- Newspapers and magazines
- Takvim-i Vekayi (Official Gazette)
- Düsturs (Law Codes)
- Consular reports
- Treaty collections
- Parliamentary minutes of the Meclis-i Mebusan
- Literary works such as novels, stories, plays, and poetry, with emphasis on their historical usage and evaluation.

TRH5033 Philosophy of History I

Explores the meaning and nature of history and philosophy and their interrelationship, examining different philosophical schools' perspectives on history, the elements of history, general laws (such as geography and human impact), and their historical manifestations.

TRH5034 Ottoman Reform Movements I

Covers the nature, causes, policies, and objectives of Ottoman reforms, focusing on the first reform attempts in the 17th century, European influence on reforms, and late 18th-century reforms such as the Nizam-1 Cedid.

TRH5035 Ottoman Central-Provincial Administrative System in the Modern Period (1839–1914)

Examines changes in the Ottoman Empire's central and provincial administrative system, administrative officials, newly established administrative councils, and administrative regulations.

TRH5036 Modern Middle Eastern Political History I

Discusses the concept of the Middle East, its natural and human boundaries, historical characteristics, and geopolitical and geocultural significance. The course explores the Turkish presence in the Middle East, the establishment of Turkish rule by the Seljuks, Ayyubids, Mamluks, and Ottomans, and the administrative structure and institutions under Ottoman rule in the region.

TRH5037 Modern Asian Political History I

Covers Russia's colonial activities in Asia, the occupations of Crimea, Kazan, and the Khanates of Turkestan, as well as China's occupation of East Turkestan, and the subsequent resistance and struggles.

TRH5038 Modern Ottoman Diplomatics I

Focuses on changes in titles and terminology in modern diplomacy, new correspondence methods, and the reading and evaluation of various archival sources from the period.

TRH5039 Social and Economic History of the Republic I

Analyzes social and intellectual developments during the Republic period, legal reforms, educational innovations, family life, and the social status of women. It also examines the economic conditions of the Ottoman Empire, its semi-colonial status, and Turkey's economic situation and financial dependence at the beginning of the Republic.

TRH5040 Turkish Foreign Policy I (From the Second Constitutional Era to 1950)

Explores the key events and phenomena shaping Turkish foreign policy, covering the period from the collapse of the Ottoman Empire to the War of Independence, the characteristics of foreign policy during the Atatürk Era, and the transformation of Turkish foreign policy in the lead-up to World War II, considering shifting international dynamics.

TRH5041 Sources of Republican History I

Examines archival sources related to Republican history, including catalogs of the Republic Archives, official publications, yearbooks, statistical data, periodicals, and scholarly studies, with a focus on bibliography compilation.

TRH5042 20th Century European Political History I

Covers the political situation of Europe in the 20th century, diplomatic relations, and two major global conflicts and their consequences: World War II and the Cold War. The course also addresses modernization, globalization, conflicting ideologies, and the rise of national development models, including Communism, Fascism, State-led Development in Japan, and Political Islam.

TRH5043 History of the Turkish National Struggle I

Covers the preparations for the War of Independence, the formation of the Kuvayi Milliye (National Forces), the Eastern, Western, and Southern Fronts, key battles such as the First and Second Battles of İnönü, Eskişehir-Kütahya Battles, the Battle of Sakarya, the Tekalif-i Milliye (National Obligations) decrees, and the Treaties of Ankara and Kars.

TRH5044 Press during the National Struggle Period

Examines newspapers and magazines as primary sources for the history of the Turkish National Struggle.

TRH5045 Internal Conflicts during the Republic Period I

Covers the major uprisings in Anatolia during the Republic period, including the Dersim Rebellion, the Sheikh Said Rebellion, and the Menemen Incident.

TRH5046 Congresses during the National Struggle Period

Discusses the beginning of the Kuvayi Milliye movement, Mustafa Kemal's arrival in Samsun, the Havza Circular, the Amasya Proclamation, the Erzurum and Sivas Congresses, the Balıkesir and Alaşehir Congresses, the convening of the last Ottoman Parliament, and the declaration of the National Pact (Misak-1 Milli).

TRH5047 Sources of General Turkish History I

Focuses on historical sources for general Turkish history, particularly Chinese sources and Turkish works such as the Kutadgu Bilig and Divan-1 Lugat-it Türk, with an emphasis on bibliography studies.

TRH5048 Central Asian Turkish History I

Provides information on the administrative and political histories of Central Asian states such as the Scythians, Huns, Göktürks, Uyghurs, Seljuks, and Khwarezmshahs.

TRH5049 History of the Anatolian Seljuks and Beyliks I

Examines the political and administrative structures of the Anatolian Seljuks and the early Beyliks established in Eastern Anatolia, focusing on their formation and development in the region.

TRH5050 Cultural History of Pre-Islamic Central Asian Turks I

Explores topics such as culture, civilization, and religion in the Steppe Culture of pre-Islamic Central Asian Turks.

TRH5051 History of the Seljuk State Organization I

Analyzes the military, administrative, and economic structure of the Great Seljuk Empire.

TRH5052 Religious Life in the Anatolian Seljuk State

Examines the religious life in Anatolia during the reign of the Anatolian Seljuk State, focusing on the roles of the state, society, religious orders, and Sufi circles, based on historical sources.

TRH5053 History of Alevism and Bektashism I

Studies the history of Alevism and Bektashism, which have been present across a wide geographical area, particularly in Anatolia and the Balkans, focusing on their sources, doctrines, and rituals.

TRH5054 Sources of Ancient History II

Explores when Ancient History began to be studied as a separate academic field, supported by various auxiliary disciplines, and discusses the characteristics of these disciplines. It also covers the formation of the concepts Ancient West and Ancient East, and the criteria used to distinguish between them.

TRH5055 History of Ancient Civilizations II

Focuses on the state structure, economic structure, social structure, religion, culture, art, and literature in Egypt, Syria-Palestine, and Iran.

TRH5056 History of Anatolia in the Hellenistic Period

Examines Greek Culture and Hellenism, Alexander the Great, and the kingdoms established in Anatolia during the Hellenistic period, including the Kingdom of Macedonia, Seleucid Kingdom, Kingdom of Bithynia, Pontic Kingdom, Cappadocian Kingdom, Kingdom of Commagene, Kingdom of Pergamon, Galatian Kingdom, and the overall Hellenistic Civilization in Anatolia.

TRH5057 Anatolia in the 1st Millennium BCE

Covers the emergence of the 1st Millennium BCE states in Anatolia and the process leading to Persian domination, analyzing the states and cultures that emerged in Anatolia. The course explores their historical, political, and cultural developments, as well as their interactions with contemporary cultures and neighboring political structures.

TRH5058 Urartu-Assyria: Cultural Relations

Studies the Urartian Period of the Urartu Kingdom, including the establishment phase, Middle Assyrian Kingdom, the relations between the Neo-Assyrian and Urartu kingdoms, the classical era of Urartu, Urartian expansion, the artistic depictions of Urartu-Assyria, and architectural influences between the two civilizations.

TRH5059 Sources of Medieval History II

Introduces the fundamental sources of Medieval History at the graduate level, providing the skills to use these sources in research.

TRH5060 History of the Umayyads and Abbasids II

Covers the history of the Umayyad and Abbasid dynasties, focusing on the political history and state structure of both empires.

TRH5061 Islamic Cities II

Examines the early Islamic conquests and the founding of cities like Basra, Kufa, and Fustat. Topics include the physical environment of these cities, their social, administrative, and economic structures, neighborhoods, markets, significant changes during the Rashidun, Umayyad, and Abbasid periods, their population status, commercial and political roles, and their positions in Islamic education.

TRH5062 Byzantine-Arab Relations II

Explores Byzantine-Arab relations during the Umayyad period, including Arab conquests of Byzantine lands, sea and land battles, relations between the Abbasid period Byzantium and Arabs, mutual military campaigns in the Middle Eastand Anatolia, the influence of Byzantine institutions on Islamic institutions, and the Crusades and their consequences.

TRH5063 History of Islamic Institutions II

Studies military, political, social, judicial, economic, religious, and scientific institutions during the Umayyad and Abbasid periods, including important developments in post, hisba (market supervision), waqfs (charitable foundations), and intelligence organizations.

TRH5064 Islamic Intellectual Movements II

Focuses on intellectual movements in the Islamic world during and after the Abbasid period, famous Islamic thinkers and philosophers, the Renaissance and Reformation in the West, preand post-industrial ideas, and contemporary intellectual trends and their leading figures.

TRH5065 History of Science in the Middle Ages II

Examines scientific activities in the Middle East, Europe, and Central Asia during the medieval period, including observatories, libraries, laboratories, religious and positive sciences education, madrasas, monasteries, and palaces as centers of scientific activity. It also covers famous scientists and the value given to scientific work in both the Islamic and European worlds.

TRH5066 Church-State Relations in History II

Analyzes the role of religion and religious figures in governance in Turkish history, including the function of religious beliefs in political power. The course also explores the state-church relations in Judaism, Christianity, and Islam, examining the state's role in religion, religion's role in state affairs, and the dynamics between politics and religion.

TRH5067 History of the Crusades II

Focuses on the political aspects of the Crusades, including the establishment of Crusader states in the East during the First Crusade (such as Urfa, Antioch, Jerusalem, and Tripoli), the political history of Latin East between 1098-1187, and the Crusader-Islamic struggle in the region.

TRH5068 Sources of Early Modern History II

Explores the classical sources of Early Modern Ottoman history, the characteristics of Ottoman historiography in the classical period, Ottoman historians, and their works. It also examines Risalets, Travelogues, Research and Studyworks, and key historians of the Early Modern period in Ottoman history.

TRH5069 Early Modern Ottoman Diplomacy II

Reading and analyzing documents from the Prime Ministry Ottoman Archives, including Mühimme, Ruus, and Ahkâm Registers, as well as Ahidnames, Fermans, and Berats.

TRH5070 Ottoman Military Organization in the Classical Period II

The Ottoman Timar System and Timarli Sipahis (Cavalry), Akinjis, Delilers, Volunteers, the Ottoman Navy, and Naval Forces.

TRH5071 Ottoman Central and Provincial Organization in the Classical Period II

Studies the roles of Defterdars, Kazaskers, Nişancı, Reisü'l-Küttâb, Şeyhü'l-İslâm, Kaptan-ı Derya, Beylerbeyi, Sancakbeyi, Alaybeyi, Çeribaşı, Subaşı, Şehir Kethüdası, Dizdar, Kale Kethüdası, Kale Erleri, Qadis, and Naips in the Ottoman central and provincial administrative systems.

TRH5072 Ottoman Modernization II

Covers the Tanzimat period, the First and Second Constitutional Eras, and the modernization movements that emerged during these periods. It also explores the social developments of the time, as well as the intellectual movements linked to structures such as the Young Ottomans and Committee of Union and Progress (CUP).

TRH5073 Ottoman Urban Economy II

Focuses on the establishment, regulation, and functioning of marketplaces, hans, bazaars, tanneries, mills, olive and grape presses, dyeworks, boza shops, wine houses, and weaving looms in Ottoman cities, including their taxation.

TRH5074 Early Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History II

Studies the diplomatic relations of the Ottoman Empire with various states, including the Ottoman-Mamluk, Ottoman-Safavid, Ottoman-French, Ottoman-English, Ottoman-Austrian, Ottoman-Polish, Ottoman-Russian, and Ottoman-Turkestan Khanates relations.

TRH5075 Early Modern European History II

Covers the Geographical Discoveries, the Renaissance, and Reformation Movements in Europe.

TRH5076 Aleviism and Bektashism in Archive Documents

Aims to identify and examine documents from both the Ottoman and Republic periods in terms of content. The course will highlight the status of Alevis and Bektashis through primary sources from archival materials.

TRH5077 Modern Ottoman Diplomatic History II

Explores Ottoman diplomacy in the context of international relations, focusing on balance of power in the Mediterranean, Balkans, and the Middle East. The course also covers the establishment and activities of temporary or permanent embassies and diplomatic institutions.

TRH5078 Modern European Political History II

Examines the French Revolutionary Wars, the Congress of Vienna, the 1830 and 1848 Revolutions, the unification of Italy and Germany, the expansion of colonialism and its transformation into imperialism, the political situation in Europe before the First World War, and the outcomes of the war. The course also addresses the era's key political and social developments, including Liberalism, Socialism, Constitutional Monarchy, and Republicanism.

TRH5079 Modern Ottoman Institutions History II

Studies the history of ministries, central and provincial councils (in areas like education, agriculture, public works), the establishment of the first museum, banks, quarantine and postal systems in the Ottoman Empire.

TRH5080 Sources of Modern History II

Focuses on Ottoman Archives (such as Cevdet, Ali Emirî, Hatt-1 Hümâyun, İrade, Yıldız, Ecnebi Registers, etc.), Topkapi Palace, Shari'ah court registers, Waqf Archives, General Staff ATASE Archives, Red Crescent Archives, and other institutional archives, with examples of documents.

TRH5081 Philosophy of History II

Examines societal commonalities, societal characteristics before and after industrialization, common institutions and behavioral features, diplomacy tools and institutions, and provides relative proposals for the future.

TRH5082 Ottoman Reform Movements II

Covers the reforms of the 19th century, distinguishing them from earlier reforms, and analyzes the administrative, military, economic, social, and cultural reforms, as well as the institutions created (such as councils, ministries, directorates, and schools).

TRH5083 Political History of the Tanzimat and Constitutional Eras

Examines the dimensions of Turkish political history from the 18th century, including relationships with other countries, their policies toward the Ottoman Empire, and the outcomes. It also studies the intellectual movements of the time (like the Young Ottomans), characteristics and impacts of the Tanzimat intellectuals, and political movements such as Westernism, liberalism, decentralization, and socialism, including their representatives and influences.

TRH5084 Modern Middle Eastern Political History II

The relationship of Europe with the Middle East and its policies toward the region (Britain, France, Russia), and the corresponding policy pursued by the Ottoman Empire. This includes the Egyptian Issue, foreign interventions in the region and their tools (minorities), the Damascus and Jeddah incidents, the Lebanon Issue, the emergence of Wahhabism, the Saudi rebellion, the Yemen revolts, the occupations of Algeria and Egypt, the Middle East during World War I, the end of Ottoman sovereignty, and the partitioning of the Middle East.

TRH5085 Modern Asian Political History II

The Anglo-Russian rivalry over the Caucasus, Iran, and Afghanistan, and the political history of China, India, and the Far East in broad terms.

TRH5086 Modern Ottoman Diplomacy II

Continued reading and evaluation of all kinds of archival sources from the period, as well as literary sources and known foreign-language materials.

TRH5087 Social and Economic History of the Republic Period II

The organization of social life, the closure of dervish lodges and zawiyas, changes in attire, the development of health services in the field of medicine, and the economy of the Republic of Turkey; the birth of liberalism in Turkey; statismin Turkey; the Economic Congress of Turkey; and the Izmir Economic Congress.

TRH5088 Turkish Foreign Policy II (1950 to Present)

Events and phenomena shaping Turkish foreign policy, including the characteristics of foreign policies during the periods 1950-1960, 1960-1970, and 1970-1980, and the main developments in these eras.

TRH5089 Sources of the Republic History II

Book reviews, the extraction of curriculum related to the revolutionary history and the preparation of seminars on Republican history.

TRH5090 20th Century European Political History II

The decline of European hegemony in international relations, the distribution of power between the two superpowers: the United States and the Soviet Union.

TRH5091 History of the Turkish National Struggle II

The Great Offensive and the Battle of Dumlupinar and their outcomes; the Mudanya Armistice, the abolition of the Sultanate, the Treaty of Lausanne; the issues resolved and unresolved in Lausanne.

TRH5092 Republican Period Press

An analysis of the newspapers and magazines published during the Republican Period.

TRH5093 Internal Conflicts in the Republican Period II

A general evaluation of the rebellions that emerged in the Republican era, including the Dersim Rebellion, the Sheikh Said Rebellion, and the Menemen Incident.

TRH5094 Financial Resources of the National Struggle

The official occupation of Istanbul, the opening of the Grand National Assembly in Ankara, and the revolts during this period, including the passing of the Law of National Betrayal.

TRH5095 Sources of General Turkish History II

Russian sources related to General Turkish History, along with Byzantine, Islamic, and Latin sources, as well as Monuments and Travelogues, with a comprehensive bibliographic study.

TRH5096 History of Central Asian Turks II

Information about the social and economic structures of various states, including the Scythians, Huns, Göktürks, Uighurs, Seljuks, Khwarazm Shahs, and others.

TRH5097 History of the Seljuks of Turkey and the Beyliks Period II

An examination of the social and economic aspects of the Seljuk Empire's organization in Anatolia, as well as the first Beyliks established in Eastern Anatolia.

TRH5098 Pre-Islamic Central Asian Turkish Cultural History II

The study of topics like Law, Family, and Economic Structure within the Steppe Culture.

TRH5099 History of the Organization of the Seljuk State II

The military, administrative, and economic structures of the Seljuks of Turkey, Syria, Iraq, and Kerman.

TRH5100 Religious Life in the Seljuk State of Anatolia

Examining religious life in Anatolia during the Anatolian Seljuk State's rule under different headings such as state, society, Sufism, and order in light of the available sources.

TRH5101 Religious Life in the Ottoman State

To learn the formation and development stages of religious movements and scientific forms that emerged in the Ottoman Empire. Muslim and non-Muslim relations in Ottoman society; non-Muslim communities in the Ottoman Empire, the role of religion in social life.

TRH5102 History of Aleviism and Bektashism I

Covers a broad geographical area, primarily focusing on Anatolia and the Balkans.

TRH5103 History of Aleviism and Bektashism II

The history of Aleviism and Bektashism, which have a significant presence in a broad geographical area, primarily in Anatolia and the Balkans, will be examined in light of sources, doctrines, and rituals.

TRH5104 History of Political Thought

It includes topics such as the main periods in the history of political thought, comparative analysis of political thought, philosophical and socio-economic perspectives of political thought.

TRH5105 Ottoman Modernization (1718-1839) I

The innovations, changes, and transformations that emerged between the Tulip Era and the Tanzimat Period will be evaluated from a modernization perspective. The socio-economic, socio-political, and socio-cultural developments that took place in the Ottoman Empire during this period will also be examined, alongside an analysis of center-periphery relations and the detailed social transformation in the Ottoman Empire.

TRH5106 Ottoman Modernization (1839-1909) II

This course will cover the modernization movements that emerged during the Tanzimat Period, the First and Second Constitutional Eras, and subsequent periods. It will evaluate the social developments of the era and analyze intellectual developments through structures like the Young Ottomans and the Committee of Union and Progress.

TRH5109 20th Century European Political History II

The decline of European hegemony in international relations, the distribution of power between the two superpowers: the United States and the Soviet Union.

TRH5110 Turkish Foreign Policy (From the Second Constitutional Era to 1950) II

The events and phenomena shaping Turkish foreign policy, including the key elements of foreign policy from the collapse of the Ottoman Empire to the Turkish War of Independence, the foreign policy characteristics of the Republic of Turkey during the Atatürk era, and the transformation of Turkish foreign policy toward the Second World War and the shifting international balance.

TRH5111 History of the Republic of Turkey I

The intellectual and political foundations of the Republic, the Second Constitutional Era's internal and external developments, the congress process and the beginning of the National Struggle, the Lausanne Peace Conference, the Balkan Pact, the Montreux Convention, the Sadabad Pact, the integration of Hatay into Turkey, and a look at the Atatürk period.

TRH5112 History of the Republic of Turkey II

The political, social, and cultural developments that occurred from the end of World War II to the 1990s will be explored.

TRH5113 Nationalism Movements and Independence Movements in the Ottoman Empire

The emergence and spread of the nationalist movement during the disintegration of the Ottoman Empire, the independence movements of the nations under Ottoman rule, and the policies pursued by the Empire against these movements. The effects of nationalism on Ottoman rulers and the social problems caused by these movements will also be discussed.

TRH5114 History of Colonialism

The explanation of the concept of colonialism, the formation of colonial policies, the emergence and development phases of colonialism, and an examination of the reasons and results of the policies followed by colonial empires. The relationship between colonialism and imperialism will also be discussed.

TRH5115 Ottoman Law After the Tanzimat

The history of Ottoman law before the Tanzimat Edict of 1839 and the developments in Ottoman law following its announcement will be covered.

TRH5116 Ottoman Tax System After the Tanzimat

The Sharia and customary taxes applied by the Ottoman Empire from its establishment, the methods of tax collection, and the changes in tax collection methods during the Tanzimat will be discussed.

TRH5117 Modern Balkans and the Ottoman Empire

This course will focus on the Balkans, the rebellions and independence movements in the 19th century, the policies of the great powers toward the Balkans, and how these policies affected the Ottoman Empire.

TRH5118 Modern Ottoman Financial Structure

An explanation of the Ottoman Empire's financial organization and the developments within the financial system.

TRH5119 Ottoman-Russian Relations in Modern Times

An exploration of the historical development of Ottoman-Russian relations and the developments during the modern era, along with their results.

TRH5120 Modern Ottoman Archive Studies and Texts

An introduction to the Ottoman Archives and reading the archival documents related to Modern Ottoman History.